THE BRIDGE PROJECT

A SCALABLE SOLUTION TO CHILD POVERTY





THE BRIDGE PROJECT IS THE LARGEST CONSISTENT, **UNCONDITIONAL CASH PROGRAM FOR BABIES & NEW** MOTHERS IN THE NATION.

We provide low-income mothers with cash on a biweekly basis during pregnancy, birth, and the earliest days of their babies' lives to support healthy development, avoid adverse childhood experiences, and break intergenerational cycles of poverty.



THE BRIDGE PROJECT » BY THE NUMBERS







Committed to date



Funds going into the hands of moms

OUR EARLY IMPACT



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"This program allowed me to stay home during the week to study, take care of my baby, and go to nursing school during the weekend. I am almost done and hope to make better money in the future. It was a massive blessing."

- First-time mom, unemployed

OUR SUCCESS IN THE SPOTLIGHT







WHY BABIES?

WHY CASH?

THE BRIDGE PROJECT » IN DEPTH

THE BRIDGE PROJECT CONNECTICUT

U.S. CHILD POVERTY IS WIDESPREAD...





Defined as 100% of the Federal Poverty Line
 Source: <u>US Census Bureau: Poverty Status in 2023</u>, <u>US Census Bureau: Poverty Rate by Age Group</u>

FIRST 1,000 DAYS OF LIFE ARE CRITICALLY IMPORTANT



 "[Early experiences] have a disproportionately important impact on your longterm health and development....The child who has only two months of really bad experiences does worse than the child with almost twelve years of bad experiences, all because of the timing of the experiences."

- Dr Bruce Perry, co-author with Oprah Winfrey of "What Happened to You?"



EARLY CHILDHOOD POVERTY HAS LONG LASTING IMPACTS



Education

• Within 2 years of living below the poverty line, children had 8-10% less grey matter and scored 4-7 points less on standardized tests¹



Employment

 Those who were persistently poor in childhood were 30% less likely to be consistently employed in young adulthood²



Health

• Increased adverse childhood events have been shown to increase the risk of chronic conditions (e.g., asthma, autoimmune diseases) and shorten lifespans by up to 20 years³

• Source: 1. Nelson, C.A. The Neurobiological Bases of Early Intervention, 2. National Center for Education Statistics, Urban Institute, 3. Adverse Childhood Experiences Studies and Surveys

FAMILY INCOME DROPS SHARPLY AROUND A CHILD'S BIRTH

% change in household income



• Source: Stanczyk, Alexandra. (2016). "The Dynamics Of Household Economic Circumstances Around A Birth." Washington Center For Equitable Growth Working



YET, CURRENT INVESTMENTS ARE LIMITED AND COMPLICATED

US invests very little in the earliest years

gaps in support

Public Expenditure On Early Childhood Education And Care (% of GDP)



 $\Box \Box \Box$



1. Earned Income Tax Credit (EITC) is a tax credit for low-income working families; 2. Child Tax Credit (CTC) is a tax credit for families with children; 3. Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) is a program for low-income individuals and families; 4. Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) clinics offer education, breastfeeding support, and referrals to low-income pregnant/post-partum women, infants and children

Source: Organization For Economic Cooperation And Development, Earned Income Tax Credit website, Child Tax Credit website, Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program website, Women, Infants, and Children Clinics website, Medicaid website



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Government programs are complex and restrictive, leaving critical

EARLIEST INTERVENTIONS HAVE THE HIGHEST RATE OF ECONOMIC RETURNS







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WHY CASH?

EFFECTIVE

- Cash during pregnancy and infancy boosts birth weight, educational attainment, and food security¹
- Cash is linked to higher levels of infant cognitive activity due to reduced maternal stress²
- Cash has positive effects on infant mortality in the first year of life³

SCALABLE

- Can take Bridge anywhere quickly and get money into moms' hands in weeks, not months or years
- Can reach populations of interest such as homeless pregnant women, female veterans, or Indigenous women

EFFICIENT

- market⁶

FLEXIBLE

- philanthropy

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 10X ROI for Expanded Child Tax Credit⁴ • Reduces reliance on social services, generating savings of \$8,277/person/year⁵ • SNAP (food stamps) is the most efficient government program and is valued at 80¢ on the dollar by participants and 65¢ on the dollar on the black

• Accounts for place-based differences • Able to partner with local organizations • Aligned with current trends in trust-based

CASH IS AN OLD BIPARTISAN IDEA



SEVERAL MYTHS PERSIST ABOUT CASH

Myth	Reality and supporting data
People will stop working	 A recent study by OpenResearch¹ illustrated that recip mothers work slightly less. We take that as a good this recipients are working after 18 months in the intervention
	 A study of a cash program in Stockton, CA² showed employment at more than twice the rate of non-partic
People will spend the money on vices	 A major study by the World Bank demonstrated that i America and Asia, alcohol and tobacco consumption
	 A systematic review and meta-analysis examining 19 countries⁴ found either no significant impact or a negative
People need financial literacy	 Meta analysis across 201 studies showed "intervention of variance in financial behaviors studied." ⁵
Cash with conditions would be better than unconditional cash	 Conditional cash can have notable associated costs, expenses were as high as 63% of transfers made.

[•] Source: 1. OpenResarch study, 2. Stockton Demonstration Project, 3. World Bank Study, 4. Cash Transfers and Temptation Goods, 5. Financial Literacy meta analysis, 6. The Cost of Conditional Cash Transfers

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pients overall work the same amount and single hing - care work is work! 80% of The Bridge Project ention.

that participants went from part-time to full-time **cipants**.

in 82% of all researched cases in Africa, Latin n declined.³

9 studies of cash transfers in low / middle-income pative impact of transfers on temptation goods.

ions to improve financial literacy explain only 0.1%

with one program estimating that **administrative**



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OUR APPROACH



Direct cash transfers

- 2,000 mothers
- 6 states by end of 2024



Mixed methods research and data collection

- UPenn's Center for **Guaranteed Income** Research
- Columbia University
- In-house team



Use philanthropic funds as a catalyst for local, state, and federal funding



OUR MODEL IS SIMPLE AND ROOTED IN **CORE BELIEFS**

Fundamental model



Unconditional cash is the simple, scalable, and human-centered solution to ending child poverty for good



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Core beliefs

• We focus our intervention on preventing poverty at the earliest stage, not simply undoing its effects later in life

• We have no interest in wasting money on inefficient, overly burdensome programs that aren't grounded in evidence

• We trust mothers to make the best decisions for their babies with no judgment and no strings attached

THE BRIDGE PROJECT CONTINUES TO EXPAND RAPIDLY

Wisconsin

- 100 moms in Milwaukee
- Partnership with Zilber Family Foundation
- \$350K in ARPA funds approved by Milwaukee City Council



Light yellow indicates exploration conversations: Arkansas, the Carolinas, Indiana, Boston, Hawaii and New Jersey

New York

- 1,400 moms across NYC, Buffalo, and Rochester
- Randomized controlled trial (RCT) with UPenn's Center for Guaranteed Income Research on first cohort
- Partnerships with the NY Governor's Office, members of the NY legislature, and mayors' offices
- \$1.5M from NYC Council to target pregnant homeless moms

Connecticut

- 500 moms statewide
- 1,000+ applications within 24 hours
- foundation

Appalachia

- 2025: 500 moms in OH, WV, KY



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Partnership with two private philanthropists and local community

RCT with Columbia's Center for the Transition to Parenthood

WE INVEST IN RESEARCH TO DE-RISK CASH

IN-HOUSE

Dr. Vanessa Jaëlle Dor MD, MMSc, DrPh candidate

- Pediatrician and field epidemiologist
- Former Head of the M&E and Research department and Medical Coordinator at Saint-Damien Hospital in Haïti
- Co-founder of the Medical Education and Research Unit

EXTERNAL ADVISORS

Drs. Amy Castro and Stacia West Co-founders and Directors, U of Pennsylvania Center for Guaranteed Income Research

Dr. Catherine Monk Diana Vagelos Professor of Women's Mental Health, Columbia University

Dr. Ajay Chaudry Research scholar, New York University

Dr. Christopher Wimer Director, Center on Poverty and Social Policy, Columbia University

OUR MODEL CATALYZES GOVERNMENT



The Bridge Project is sparking government to act differently today...

- the future
- **NYC Council** allocated \$1.5M in FY25 budget for 1 in 8 homeless pregnant women in NYC; research underway on cost savings from shorter shelter stays
- Milwaukee's City Council allocated \$350K in **ARPA funds** with a supermajority
- Several states have approached Bridge as an upstream **foster care** intervention

- policy agenda

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...and laying the groundwork for

 Founded and house the Mother Infant Cash **Coalition** (MICC), with 19 mother-infant cash programs nationally, that is creating a federal

• In NY State, made significant progress on a new \$250M bill to create the Mothers & Infants Lasting Chance (MILC) Allowance, which will be reintroduced in the coming session

• Created the New York State Cash Coalition to advance shared policy goals statewide

OUR APPROACH IS VIRAL AND IS CREATING A MOVEMENT



WE CAN DEPLOY OUR MODEL ANYWHERE, QUICKLY





tailored to ensure that The Bridge Project's impact is most effectively delivered



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INTRODUCING: THE BRIDGE PROJECT'S EXPANSION TO CONNECTICUT

In October 2024, we expanded our program to support mothers and babies experiencing poverty in the State of Connecticut.

HIGHLIGHTS:

- Over \$10 million dollars (all private) will go directly into the hands of Connecticut mothers
- 500 moms across the entire state of Connecticut will receive direct cash for the first 1,000 days of their child's life
- Mixed-methods research conducted over the course of the next three years will provide deep insights on the impact of cash on maternal wellbeing and early childhood development



Connecticut residents cannot afford their basic needs

14%

Connecticut children currently living in poverty

3,379

Estimated number of babies born into poverty every year in Connecticut 26

PROGRAM DETAILS

Applications are available online and reviewed on a rolling basis for eligibility. Eligible program participants will be selected by lottery. Applications will remain open until all program slots have been filled.

CRITERIA:

- Be 18 years or older
- Be 23 weeks or fewer in their pregnancy
- Reside anywhere in the state of Connecticut
- Have an annual household income of \$44,000 or less
- No SSN or ITIN required!

PROGRAM PARTICIPANTS RECEIVE:

\$1,125

one-time, upfront prenatal stipend



per month for the first 15 months of the program



per month for the final 21 months of the program

NON-CASH PROGRAM HIGHLIGHTS



Every participant is individually onboarded in their native language and walked through a benefits calculator to understand potential impacts and for what else they might qualify





Participants receive access to virtual workshops on topics like postpartum depression, personal finance, and accessing early education options



RELEVANT PROGRAMS AND POLICIES UNIQUE TO CONNECTICUT

FAMILY BRIDGE HOME VISITING BABY BONDS





Nearly 200 referral and recruitment partners across the state, including CBOs, hospitals and WIC clinics, schools, and elected officials



Participants receive connections to the Family Wellness Healthy Start Program and virtual doula text support from JustBirth Space

PAID LEAVE

EXISTING EFFORTS TO IMPROVE MATERNAL HEALTH IN CT ARE COMPLEMENTED BY UNCONDITIONAL CASH PROGRAMS



Great leadership and policy solutions already exist in CT



...more will be needed to address persistent challenges

Expansion of HUSKY to include postpartum care

Coverage of lactation and doula services via a maternity bundle

Launch of CT Health Foundation's Advisory Committee to improve maternal health Disparities in racial lines

Lack of access to care, exacerbated by cuts and closures, remain a thorny issue

Postpartum mental health challenges can be deadly for both mom and baby

The Bridge Project provides pregnant and postpartum CT moms the financial means to 1) afford gas and transportation to and from doctors' appointments; 2) pay for co-pays, medicine, and healthier foods; and 3) stay home during high-risk pregnancies or after complicated births.

Disparities in maternal health persist across

PARTICIPANT DATA

Total Program Targets (based on % of live births into poverty)

Hartford: 28% or 140

New Haven: 28% or 140

Fairfield: 26% or 130

New London: 7% or 35

Litchfield: 3% or 15

Middlesex: 3% or 15

Windham: 3% or 15

Tolland: 2% or 10

30

APPLICANT DATA

2006 total applicants (as of Nov. 13)





The bulk of applicants are coming from the three most populated counties Most applicants are told about the program directly from someone (friend, caseworker, colleague, etc.)

APPLICANT DATA

2006 total applicants (as of Nov. 13)



Nearly 60% of applicants are between the ages of 25-35



Nearly 14% of applicants are primary **Spanish speakers**

PARTICIPANT DATA

125 total participants onboarded (as of Dec. 4)



Nearly 40% of participants have a yearly income below \$15,000

Most participants identify as Black/African American and Hispanic/Latino

GOVERNMENT PARTNERS

- Have met with leaders of major CT state agencies
 - Gov. Lamont's senior team
 - State Treasurer Russell
 - Cmsr Reeves, Dept of Social Services
 - Deputy Cmsr Hadler, Dept of Social Services
 - Dr Juthani, Cmsr of Dept of Public Health
 - Cmsr Mosquera-Bruno, Dept of Housing
 - Cmsr Navarretta, Dept of Mental Health and Addiction Services
 - Dr Karanda, Chief of Statewide Services
- Very positive feedback and interest in continued shared communications and marketing and exploring statewide waivers
- Continuing to publicize the program among clients, particularly those in more rural counties
- Interest in exploring potential public funding sources (ARPA, TANF, Medicaid, General funds)



TOGETHER, WE CAN END CHILD POVERTY IN CONNECTICUT.

Questions?